

AN6780, AN6780S

General Purpose Long Interval Timers

■ Overview

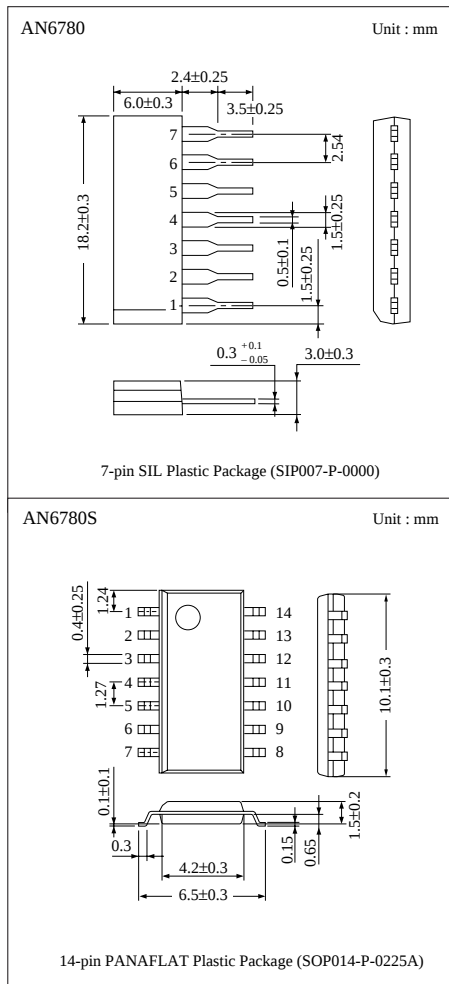
The AN6780 and AN6780S are ICs designed for general purpose long interval timers. They consists of an oscillator, frequency divider (flip-flop 15steps), output circuit, and power circuit. A cycle can be freely set with the external resistor (R_T) and capacity (C_T) of the oscillator.

■ Features

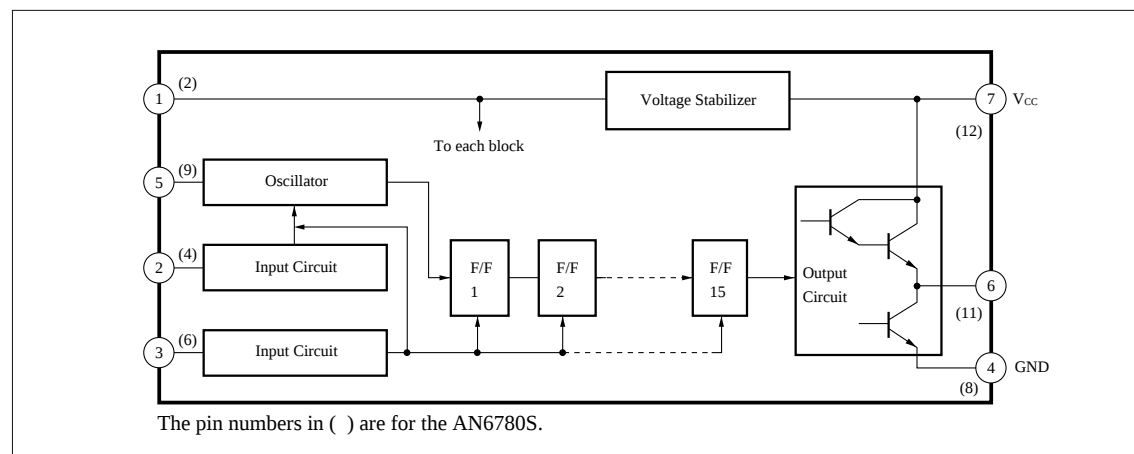
- High inflow and outflow current : $I_O = \pm 15\text{mA}$ max
- Small variation of oscillations
- Long interval timer setting : max 1 week

■ Applications

Timers, integrating timers, superlow frequency oscillators



■ Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating		Unit
Voltage	Supply voltage	V _{CC}	13		V
	Circuit voltage	V ₁₋₄ (2-8)	0	4	V
		V _{2, 3-4} (4, 6-8)	0	13	V
		V ₅₋₄ (9-8)	0	4	V
		V ₆₋₄ (11-8)	V _{CC} *1		V
Current	Supply current	I _{CC}	30		mA
	Circuit current	I ₆ (11)	-15	15	mA
Power dissipation		P _D	360		mW
Temperature	Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +75		°C
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +125		°C

*1 When output is at “H”, the pin number are for the AN6780S

■ Recommended Operating Range (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating supply voltage range	V _{CC}	4.5V to 12V

■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} =12V	4	6.5	10	mA
Oscillator charging current	I ₁ (I ₂)	V _{CC} =5V, R=10kΩ	0.26	0.3	0.35	mA
Input current high level	I _{IH}	V _{CC} =12V, V _{IH} =12V	—	—	10	μA
Input current low level	I _{IL}	V _{CC} =4.5V, V _{IL} =0V	—	—	500	μA
Output voltage high level	V _{OH1}	V _{CC} =5V, I _{OH} =-1mA	3	—	—	V
Output voltage high level	V _{OH2}	V _{CC} =9V, I _{OH} =-10mA	5	—	—	V
Output voltage low level	V _{OL1}	V _{CC} =5V, I _{OL} =10mA	—	—	0.4	V
Output voltage low level	V _{OL2}	V _{CC} =9V, I _{OL} =10mA	—	—	0.4	V
Input voltage high level	V _{IH}		2	—	—	V
Input voltage low level	V _{IL}		—	—	0.8	V

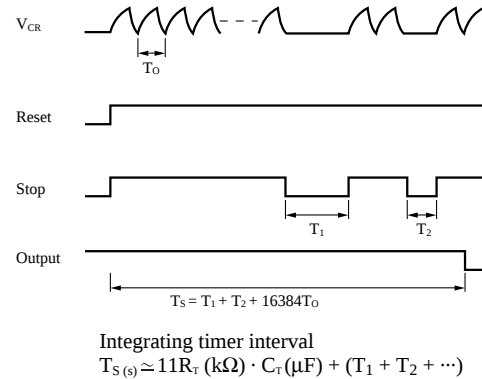
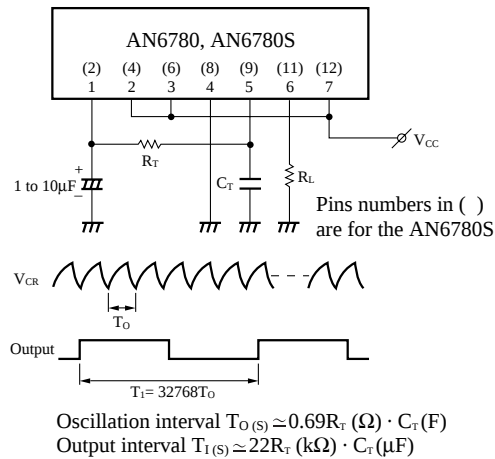
■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.		Symbol	Description
AN6780	AN6780S		
1	2	V _s	Internal stabilized power supply
2	4	Stop	Oscillation stop input
3	6	Reset	Reset input
4	8	GND	Ground
5	9	CR	C.R. connection
6	11	Output	Output
7	12	V _{CC}	Supply voltage

AN6780S : The Pins1, 3, 5, 7,10, 13 and 14 are non-contact.

■ Application Circuit

1) Superlow frequency oscillator

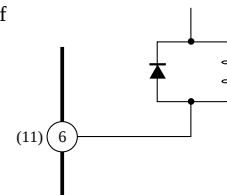


■ Supplementary Descriptions

• Precautions on Use

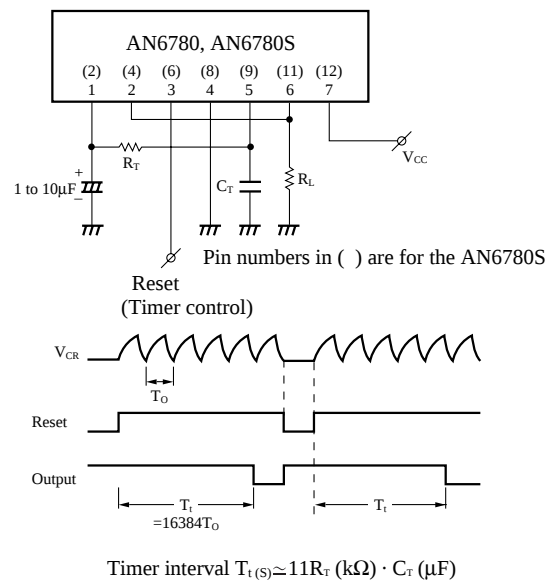
Observe the following in order to prevent destruction and reliability of the IC during its use.

- 1) For distribution of the oscillation frequency, take about 17% (IC alone) into account at the time of designing. When accuracy is requested, use a variable resistor as a timed resistor to make adjustment.
- 2) For the timed resistor, use a polyester capacitor with low $\tan\delta$, whose resistance is $1k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$ and timed capacity of $0.1\mu F$.
- 3) The values obtained from the timer interval calculation expression, etc. in Application Circuit change depending on accuracy of the timed capacity in the actual set, etc.
- 4) Attach a capacity (1 to $10\mu F$) to the Pin1 (2) in order to protect the IC against noises and stabilize its operation.
- 5) During normal operation, when you turn on the power after extremely short period of power-off, note that auto reset may not be applied due to residual potential of external capacity.
- 6) Take a proper countermeasure noises in order to prevent malfunctioning from being caused by external noises. Particularly, when setting a long interval, pay attention to the external noises.
- 7) When a plunger or relay is connected to the output circuit, connect diodes to both ends of the coil in order to protect the IC against counter electromotive power generated after power-off

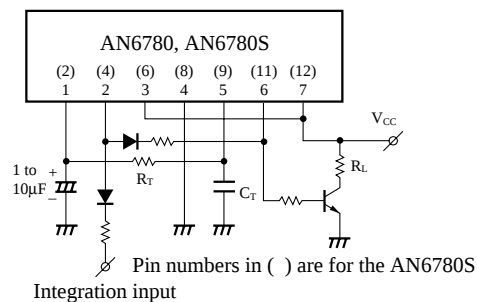


The pin numbers in () are for the AN6780S

2) Timer



3) Integrating timer



• Truth Table (Positive Logic)

Mode	Reset	Stop	Oscillator	Frequency divider	Output
1	L	*	Stop	Clear	H
2	H	H	Start	Counting	Counting
3	H	L	Stop	Stop Holds the previous state	Stop Holds the previous state

Note) *Either L or H will do. When the power is turned on, control proceeds to the mode 2 or mode 3 from the mode 1, depending on the reset/stop input state.

■ Characteristics Curve

